

Alternating Series

(9.5)

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Alternating Series

Thm. 9.14: Alternating Series Test: Let $a_n > 0$. The alternating series

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n a_n \quad \text{and} \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{n+1} a_n$$

converge if the following two conditions are met.

1. $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} a_n = 0$

2. $a_{n+1} \leq a_n$, for all n

Ex. 1: Determine the divergence or convergence of each of the following series.

$$\text{a) } \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n (n-1)}{n}$$

$$\text{b) } \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{n+1} \left(\frac{1}{n!} \right)$$

$$\text{c) } \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{n+1} \frac{n^2}{2^n}$$

Alternating Series Remainder

Thm. 9.15: Alternating Series Remainder: If a convergent alternating series satisfies the condition $a_{n+1} \leq a_n$, then the absolute value of the remainder R_N involved in approximating the sum S by S_N is less than (or equal to) the first neglected term. That is,

$$|S - S_N| = |R_N| \leq a_{N+1}.$$

Ex. 2: Approximate the sum of the following series by using the first six terms.

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{n+1} \left(\frac{1}{n!} \right)$$

Ex. 3: Consider the convergent alternating series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{n^4}$

How many terms should be taken so that the error does not exceed 0.0005?

Absolute and Conditional Convergence

Thm. 9.16: Absolute Convergence: If the series $\sum |a_n|$ converges, then the series $\sum a_n$ also converges.

Definitions of Absolute and Conditional Convergence:

1. $\sum a_n$ is absolutely convergent if $\sum |a_n|$ converges.
2. $\sum a_n$ is conditionally convergent if $\sum a_n$ converges but $\sum |a_n|$ diverges.

Ex. 4: Determine whether each series converges conditionally or absolutely, or diverges.

a)
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{n\sqrt{n}}$$

b)
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{n+1} \arctan n$$